

**PROMSEX**

CENTRO DE PROMOCIÓN Y DEFENSA  
DE LOS DERECHOS SEXUALES Y REPRODUCTIVOS

# INSTITUTIONAL REPORT 2019

Building Equality in Diversity



# Introduction



“ We promote educational, public and familiar environments free of any type of violence ”

PROMSEX shares with you its Report 2019, which informs of the work done this year. Most of it was marked by an internal, participative dynamic for to evaluate our work during the last 5 years, and the elaboration of the new Institutional Strategic Plan 2020-2024. This one will lead the next five years of institutional life.

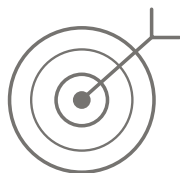
This years' interventions took place in a political and social national context of fragility, characterized by public confrontations within the anti-corruption movement. Diverse measurements were carried out: from legal investigations and prosecutions of former presidents, public officials and important authorities like ex majors of Lima city; business leaders, leaders of political parties, to the legal closure of the Congress of the Republic of Peru.

Furthermore, an intense national and international political context has been kept in matters of the defense of human rights and democratic surroundings, with emphasis in gender politics and sexual and reproductive health. This context was set among disinformation campaigns lead by groups who oppose to the development of human rights, the same that are still operating from various political and religious groups and mass media with the objective of dismantling the progress in the implementation of public politics in matters of equality and non-discrimination.

In this scenario, PROMSEX has been actively intervening in several territorial scopes and tiers of the government to generate evidence, spread information, support and argue, in a solid way, the responsibility that the Peruvian government has in accomplishing national and international goals in matters of equality and non-discrimination, in matters of health and sexual and reproductive rights, and in matters of guaranteeing educational, public and familiar environments free of any type of violence.

**Susana Chávez**  
Executive director

# OUR INSTITUTION



## MISSION

PROMSEX is a feminist non-governmental organization, comprising men and women, professionals and activists, who seek to contribute to the promotion of the integrity and dignity of people in their access to sexual and reproductive health, justice and human security, through political advocacy, generation of knowledge, and cooperation with other civil society organizations.



## VISION

PROMSEX will strengthen its leadership in the debate, accountability and political action to promote and defend equality in diversity, and the full exercise of sexual and reproductive rights, contributing to the systematization of evidence and research. In terms of its sustainability strategy, PROMSEX will continue to consolidate its national and international prestige as a transparent and efficient institution.

# PROMSEX

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## TEAM

PROMSEX's workforce is comprised of professionals with expertise in public health, political advocacy, legal advocacy, capacity development, strategic communication, administration, and logistics, etc. This has contributed to an interdisciplinary team of people that has led the work for sexual and reproductive rights in the country.

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# INSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGES

## 2014–2019

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In the framework of the Strategic Plan 2014 - 2019, PROMSEX established institutional challenges to guide the programmatic action for this period. The Annual Report 2019 acknowledges the institutional achievements attained during the last year of strategic planning:

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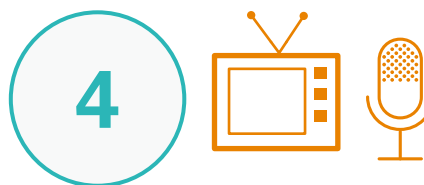
To promote **policies and regulatory frameworks** that guarantee the full exercise of sexual and reproductive rights.



To promote accountability mechanisms for compliance with policies and standards that guarantee sexual and reproductive health, justice, and human security.



To contribute to the **improvement of the quality of care and access** to public health services, education, and public safety, within the framework of sexual and reproductive rights.



To strengthen a stream of **public opinion** in favor of equality in diversity, and the exercise of the human rights of people.

**» We promoted policies and regulatory frameworks that guarantee the full exercise of sexual and reproductive rights. «**

To achieve this result, we developed local, national and international advocacy actions; making an impact on legislative and public policy debates.

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## AT NATIONAL LEVEL

We collaborated with opinion based on the evidence for the progress of the rights, as well as the neutralization of legislation against these:

**5****Bills**

- Bill on gender identity.
- Bill on state contracting that establishes the mandatory analysis of international prices to determine the reference value of cancer medications of monopoly character.
- Bill approving the Inter-american Convention on protecting the Human Rights of older persons.
- Bill on the decriminalization of abortion in cases of rape with artificial insemination or nonconsensual transfer of ovules and fetal malformations incompatible with life.
- Bill approving the Inter-american Convention against all forms of discrimination and intolerance.

**5****Legislative debates**

- Debate on Bill against sexual education.
- Debate on Bill "Cunas Salvadoras" (Lifesaving Cribs).
- Debate on Bill that proposes the creation of an additional NGO supervisory organ.
- Debate on Bill No. 1199 on the amendment to Article 323 of the Penal Code, Legislative Decree No. 1323 on discriminatory acts and incitement to discrimination.
- Debate on Bill on the exclusion of gender approach in public politics.

**4****Public policies, protocols, ordinances**

- Regional Ordinance No. 2160-2019 of Lima Metropolitan area promoting a respect of equality of all persons, and preventing, prohibiting and punishing all manifestation of discriminatory acts and practices in public establishments in Lima Metropolitan area.
- National Education Plan.
- Gender Equality National Policy.
- Ministry of Justice and Human Rights Protocol on Human Rights Defenders.



# “ We promoted accountability mechanisms for compliance with policies and standards that guarantee sexual and reproductive health ”

For the fulfillment of this result, PROMSEX has promoted two **strategies**:

**Strategy 1:** National and international strategic litigations to generate precedents on the guarantee of rights.

**Strategy 2:** International advocacy for the monitoring of agreements signed by the Peruvian State with international human rights organizations.

**With regard to the strategic litigations, on 2019, PROMSEX worked on the following litigations at national and international level.**

## AT NATIONAL LEVEL

Litigation	Process/Procedures	Procedural stage	Co-litigant party
<b>Eidan vs. RENIEC</b> <b>Adequacy of names and gender indicator of intersex person</b>	Constitutional process for the protection of fundamental rights (amparo).	<b>Court</b> Pending the first instance sentence.	-
<b>Peruvian state vs. Camila - defense of the girl to whom a therapeutic abortion was denied, and was criminalized for abortion</b>	<p>Process against girl for "infringement of the criminal law."</p> <p>Constitutional process for the protection of fundamental rights (amparo) against the persecution of the girl who became pregnant because of rape.</p> <p>Complaint against health centers and hospital for inadequate processing of a request for abortion.</p> <p>Complaint against the prosecutor who criminalized the girl.</p> <p>Complaint against the designated judge, for the infringement of reasonable time limits.</p>	<p><b>Court</b> The case was closed and filed in favor of the girl.</p> <p>The process was closed after persecution was filed.</p> <p><b>Administrative SUSALUD</b> (National Superintendence of Health) Acknowledgement of the violations committed by the establishment.</p> <p><b>Supreme Prosecutor's Office for Internal Control</b> In process.</p> <p><b>ODECMA - Apurimac</b> In process.</p>	-
<b>PROMSEX vs. Ministry of Health</b> <b>Refusal to provide information about the emergency oral contraceptive.</b>	Process of <i>habeas data</i>	<b>Court</b> The second instance ordered to start processing the request. The first instance must issue its decision.	-
<b>Vanessa vs. RENIEC</b> <b>Change of name and gender of a trans person.</b>	Criminal procedure.	<b>Court</b> In process of admitting the change without pathologization nor discrimination.	-
<b>Yefri Peña vs. members of the National Police of Peru (PNP)</b>	Criminal procedure.	<b>Court</b> The limitation for the criminal proceeding was declared in consequence of the negligent conduct of the Public Ministry.	<b>National Coordinator for Human Rights</b>
<b>Eulogia Guzman Uscamayta and her son Sergio vs. SUSALUD</b>	Constitutional process for the protection of fundamental rights (amparo) against the National Superintendence of Health (SUSALUD)	<b>Court</b> Eulogia's lawsuit was declared valid, commanding SUSALUD to issue a new, duly substantiated, administrative resolution.	-



## AT NATIONAL LEVEL

Litigation	Process/Procedures	Procedural stage	Co-litigant party
<b>Majandra Garcia vs. National Penitentiary Institute (INPE)</b>	Prosecution of the crime of torture of a trans woman, against security officers of INPE.	<b>Prosecution</b> Specialized prosecutors filed the complaint without even conducting an investigation.	-
<b>Majandra Garcia vs. National Penitentiary Institute (INPE)</b>	Process of habeas corpus against INPE for the ongoing threat that these acts of torture reoccur.	<b>Court</b> The claim was declared valid, commanding the judge of the first instance to admit the complaint and conduct the proceedings.	-
<b>Violeta Gomez Hinostroza vs. Ministry of Health</b>	Constitutional process for the protection of fundamental rights (amparo) to ensure the free distribution of the emergency oral contraceptive.	<b>Court</b> Favorable ruling of the first instance protecting the right of the women to have a free, well-informed access to the emergency oral contraceptive.	-
<b>Center of Legal Studies Santo Tomas Moro vs. Ministry of Health, Promsex acts as an optional passive litisconsortium</b>	Class action lawsuit filed in 2018, which requests to overrule the Protocol of Therapeutic Abortion.	<b>Court</b> Favorable ruling of the first instance rejecting the lawsuit and reaffirming the legal, constitutional nature of the Protocol of Therapeutic Abortion. The decision has been appealed.	-
<b>ALA Sin Componenda vs. Ministry of Health. Promsex acts as a passive facultative joint litigant</b>	Amparo lawsuit filed in 2014, which requests to overrule the Protocol of Therapeutic Abortion.	<b>Court</b> The first instance rejected the lawsuit, reaffirming the legal, constitutional validity of the Protocol. The decision has been appealed.	-
<b>Armando Zorrilla Vergara vs. succession of Alejandro Grieve de la Melena Armando Zorrilla Vergara vs. succession of Alejandro Grieve de la Melena</b>	Process of acknowledging a "de facto" union of a same sex couple.  Criminal procedure of eviction against Armando.	<b>Court</b> Pending the first instance sentence.  Pending the qualification of the Supreme Court on the cassation appeal.	-
<b>"Fer" vs. Julio Martin Vigo Cipriano</b>	Judicial process for the crime of rape of a lesbian woman while unconscious, perpetrated due to sexual prejudice.	<b>Court</b> Process contains prosecutor's accusation against the defendant for the crime of rape of an unconscious person. Pending the sentence of first instance.	-

## AT NATIONAL LEVEL

Litigation	Process/Procedures	Procedural stage	Co-litigant party
<b>Leyda Portal Tapia vs. Raul Antonio Quijano Salazar, Eber Edgar Salazar Valentin and Jesus Richard Rodriguez Ayala</b>	Judicial process against National Police of Peru (PNP) officers for kidnapping and torturing a sex worker.	<b>Court</b> National Criminal appeals Chamber must reschedule the starting date for the oral trial.	<b>National Coordinator for Human Rights</b>
<b>Fernando Bravo Pachas vs. Cesar Martin Ponce de Leon Pacheco and others</b>	Prosecution against the security staff of a nightclub, who expelled and attacked two men who were kissing.	<b>Prosecution</b> The complaint for aggravated discrimination was filed.	-
<b>Juan Antonio Galvez Salazar vs. Juan Carlos Paz Lobaton and Jhonny Peña de los Santos (members of Zaperoko orchestra), Lima Airport Partners (LAP) and LATAM</b>	<p>Prosecution for Discrimination.</p> <p>Prosecution for Sexual Harassment.</p> <p>Consumer rights complaint.</p> <p>Appeal of a claim presented to LAP.</p> <p>Discrimination complaint.</p>	<p><b>Prosecution</b> Prosecutors established that there was no crime. The decision will be revised by a senior prosecutor.</p> <p>Pending the pronouncement of the Public Ministry.</p> <p><b>Administrative</b> Pending the decision of the Consumer Protection Commission of INDECOPI (National Institute for the Defense of Free Competition and the Protection of Intellectual Property).</p> <p>OSITRAN declared the claim valid and ordered LAP to elaborate a guidebook and train its workers.</p> <p>The Provincial Municipality of Callao imposed a fine on LAP for not complying with the ordinance against discrimination.</p>	-
<b>Azul Rojas vs. Peruvian state</b>	New prosecution for the crime of torture.	<b>Prosecution</b> Prosecution proceedings established that the physical aggressions match the torture practices.	<b>National Coordinator for Human Rights</b>

## AT INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

Litigaions	Process/Procedures	Procedural state	Co-litigant party
<b>María vs. Peru</b>	Access to emergency oral contraception for victims of rape.	Inter-American Human Rights System(IACHR) Pending the inform of admissibility.	Center for Reproductive Rights (CRR) and Paz y Esperanza
<b>Azul Rojas Marín vs. Peru</b>	Sexual torture because of non-normative sexual orientation and gender expression.	Inter-American Human Rights System (IACHR) Final allegations were presented after the audience and subsequent facts were informed to the I/A court.	National Coordinator for Human Rights and REDRESS
<b>Eulogia Guzmán Uscamayta and her son Sergio vs. Peru</b>	Complaint against the Peruvian state for not providing proper attention to maternal health during and after labor.	Inter-American Human Rights System (IACHR) Pending the background report.	Center for Reproductive Rights (CRR) and Women's Link Worldwide

# We promoted the campaign **#HomofobiaEsViolencia**

**T**owards the end of 2018 we took over the legal defense of Antonio Galvez Salazar. He was a victim of discrimination and harassment based on his sexual orientation and gender expression, by members of the salsa orchestra Zaperoko. The events occurred on the Jorge Chavez International Airport when Galvez was about to board a flight from Lima to Arequipa, starting on the departure hall and continuing during the boarding process and inside the plane. It all happened without any intervention of the LAP staff nor LATAM airlines.

Our legal defense developed administrative actions before INDECOPI, OSITRAN and the Provincial Municipality of Callao, along with a solid campaign in media and social networks using the hashtag #HomofobiaEsViolencia.

As a result, the Provincial Municipality of Callao imposed a fine and a partial and temporary closure of the Jorge Chavez International Airport. Moreover, they were obliged to abide the Ordinance against discrimination, which determines the visible placement of signs that identify public spaces as free from all discrimination.

**It's the first time OSITRAN intervenes in a case of discrimination because of sexual orientation and gender expression**, claiming that Lima Airport Partners (LAP), operator of Jorge Chavez International Airport, didn't provide a quality service. They determined corrective measurements to prevent these events from reappearing in the future.

Furthermore, OSITRAN disposed that LAP must elaborate a guideline or attention protocol where they specify inadmissible or improper attitudes that require the intervention of the airport security staff; these include verbal and physical aggression against other users that affect their dignity and security. LAP must also execute periodic capacitations for their security staff, with the purpose of disseminating the guideline and raise awareness about the importance of identifying on time this type of unwanted attitude to ensure its cessation.



# Gender approach stays in the National Curriculum of Regular Basic Education

## #EducaciónConIgualdad

**A**s part of Promsex's institutional policies, we continue articulating efforts with different civic organizations to generate incidence and informative campaigns that support the permanency of the gender approach in the National Curriculum of Regular Basic Education.

In spite of all the efforts made by church-related organizations to attack the public policies of education with gender approach, on april 2019 the Supreme Court declared unfounded the lawsuit filed by the Asociacion Padres en Accion, who were asking for the suspension of the implementation of gender approach in the National Curriculum of Basic Education. This was the final judgement.

This case reaffirms the fact that it is a duty and an obligation of the government to provide an education with this approach, and the Ministry of Education has to guarantee its implementation.

## ACTIONS BEFORE INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS ORGANIZATIONS

Regarding the international incidence, we have issued Alternative Reports, contributions and/or opinions for the following organizations:

ORGANIZATIONS	REPORT
Organization of American States (OAS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Report of activities</b> of Promsex 2018, as an affiliated institution.</li> <li>• <b>Alternative Report for the MESECVI</b>, on the recommendations follow-up for the Third Multilateral Evaluation Round of the Follow Up Mechanism of the Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence against Women (MESECVI).</li> <li>• <b>Report for the Special Rapporteurship on Economic, Social, Cultural, and Environmental Rights (ESCER)</b> of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, subscribed by the Sexual and Reproductive Rights Review and the Observatory of Sexual and Reproductive Rights of Persons with Disabilities.</li> </ul>
United Nations (UN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Report on abuse and violence against women during labor</b> for the Rapporteurship on violence against women. It addresses forced pregnancy on girls and teenagers, inadequate performance of the Therapeutic Abortion Protocol, criminalization of abortion and obstetric violence.</li> <li>• <b>Report on human, women and girls Trafficking in the context of global migration</b> for the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW)</li> <li>• <b>Contribution on the process of elaboration</b> of the 6th Report for the Human Rights Committee and the 5th Report for the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights of the Peruvian State. The Contribution was sent to the Ministry of Justice and Human Rights, with information regarding sexual and reproductive rights.</li> <li>• <b>Contribution on the thematic report</b> for the independent expert on protection against violence and discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity, presented on the 41st Session of the Human Rights Council.</li> <li>• <b>Scope of information</b> for the UN Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights defenders, focusing on the ones that promote and protect the sexual and reproductive rights and of LGBTI persons.</li> <li>• <b>Contribution of Information for the Office of the High Commissioner</b> for Human Rights, on the discrimination against women with disabilities.</li> </ul>
Department of State USA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Contribution on the report "Human Trafficking"</b>, addressing issues on the current situation of human trafficking in Peru; of the impact on physical and mental health of the victims; of the legal framework and public policies about human trafficking and the difficulties of access to justice.</li> </ul>

As part of the follow-up process of the agreements made in the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) held in El Cairo in 1994, Promsex participated on the high level Conference about ICPD25 held in Nairobi-Kenya (November 12 to 14) as well as the Regional Preparatory Meeting for the Nairobi Summit held in Puebla-Mexico (September 24, 25 and 26).



**We improved the quality of care and access to public health services, education and security.**

We strengthened capacities with different audiences in reproductive and sexual health care, in addition to access to public services.



**222**  
parents

were trained in matters of prevention of sexual violence, teenage pregnancy, human trafficking and LGBTI rights.



**96**  
teachers

were trained in matters of sexual and reproductive health of teenagers, LGBTI rights and prevention of sexual violence.



**848**  
professionals in health

were trained in matters of sexual and reproductive rights, sexual violence, teenage pregnancy, LGBTI health and therapeutic abortion.



**259**  
professionals in the legal field

were trained in matters of attending sexual violence victims, teenage pregnancy and human trafficking.



**110**  
professionals in communications

were trained in matters of LGBTI rights and recommendations on violence.



**1952**  
children and teenagers

were educated on sexual and reproductive health, LGBTI rights, prevention of sexual violence and human trafficking.



**359**  
undergraduates

were trained in matters of sexual and reproductive rights, sexual violence, prevention of teenage pregnancy and human trafficking.



**43** health establishments

capacities for specialized sexual and reproductive health care for adolescents were strengthened; as well as a protocol for joint action between Women Emergency Centres (CEM) and Health Establishments (EE.SS) intended for professionals of victim care in 43 health establishments in Arequipa, Piura and Lima.



**27**

**educational institutions**

we developed preventive actions for teenage pregnancy, sexual violence and human trafficking in 27 educational institutions in Madre de Dios, Piura y Arequipa.




**445**

**guidance and counseling services**

persons had guidance and counseling services, of which 25% were related to cases of violence in the Community Guidance Centers of Santa Rosa and La Joya in Madre de Dios.

# ■ ■ We strengthened a stream of public opinion in favor of equality, diversity and sexual and reproductive rights as Human Rights ■ ■



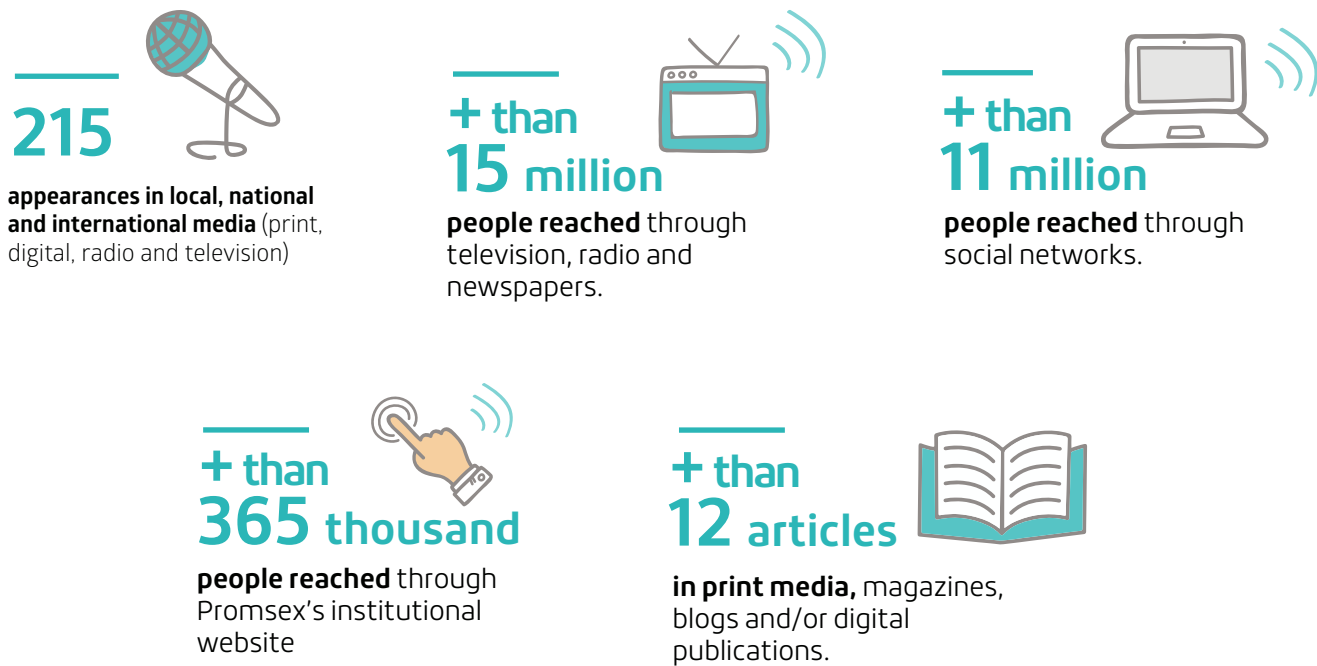
**P**ROMSEX has continued to lead public discussions related to sexual and reproductive rights, consolidating its position as an opinion leader with regard to the rights of girls, adolescents and women; LGBTI rights; defense of a gender approach in the National Curriculum; decriminalization of abortion; trafficking in persons; among others. In the year 2019, PROMSEX had more than 200 appearances in national and international media, impacting millions of people with a solid speech in favor of the rights of all without discrimination

## EVIDENCE GENERATION

In 2019, Promsex lead five processes of relevant evidence generation for national public policies:

Research undertaken	Description	Evidence-based products
<b>Current status and necessities of Sexual and Reproductive Health of Venezuelan immigrant women in Peru</b>	Investigation that gathers information regarding sexual and reproductive health of 400 Venezuelan women.	-
<b>Validation of a questionnaire to recognize the risk of rape in domestic environments for adolescents between 12 and 16 years of age.</b>	Elaboration of a questionnaire to recognize the vulnerability towards rape in the household, to be used in peri-urban areas.  Questionnaire validated by violence and psychology experts, as well as a statistic validation that can confirm its consistency.	-
<b>Analysis of the evidence regarding the conditions of transgender youth at school, and the elements that affect school permanence.</b>	Qualitative analysis of the evidence concerning the protective factors of transgender youth at schools.	We issued a publication with the results: "El tránsito por la escuela: Elementos para garantizar la permanencia de la niñez y la adolescencia trans en el sistema educativo".
<b>Survey-based research about the prevalence of abortion among women from 18 to 49 years of age.</b>	Peru's first national level survey that compiles this data and, additionally, uses a validated methodology to gather sensible information.	An article for "La Republica" newspaper was elaborated with the results of the investigation, as well as informative material including posts, diptychs, among others.

SPOKESPERSONS AND PRESENCE IN MEDIA



19 communication campaigns promoted throughout 2019

	Lawsuit of Antonio vs. Zaperoko Orchestra	Dissemination of the publication Encuesta Aborto (Abortion Survey)	"La Carrera de sus vidas" Campaign	Dissemination of the publication "Relato de Mujeres"	Dispute of Caso Azul vs. Peru in the I/A Court.
Nº. of people reached	225 302	271 658	110 278	81 080	55 034

## 6 publications produced and published throughout 2019



### PRINT

Relatos de mujeres: Experiencias de embarazos con malformaciones incompatibles con la vida

El tránsito por la escuela: Elementos para garantizar la permanencia de la niñez y la adolescencia trans en el sistema educativo

El aborto en cifras: Encuesta a mujeres en el Perú



### DIGITAL

Guía de ciberseguridad para organizaciones LGBTI

Violencia escolar contra niños, niñas, niños y adolescentes por la orientación sexual, identidad y expresión de género real o percibida en el Perú

Sistematización del ataque al Currículo Nacional de Educación Básica





# We strengthened our model of community work in Madre de Dios: articulation of actors, establishment of Community Orientation Centers and citizen surveillance.

**D**uring 2019 we have enhanced our community work towards the prevention of sexual violence in children and adolescents in La Joya and Centro Poblado Menor de Santa Rosa, in Madre de Dios, through different strategies.

One of the strategies was to strengthen the **articulation of diverse organizations of the government and civil society** within spaces called Redes de Resguardo de Tambopata and Red de Prevención de la violencia in Santa Rosa, for preventing sexual violence in children and adolescents.

**The Community Orientation Center (COC) of Santa Rosa got to a completion** thanks to an articulated work with the organizations of the Centro Poblado de Santa Rosa, the municipal authorities of Inambari, Santa Rosa, the different institutions that make up the Red de Prevención de Santa Rosa, and with the support of the Belgian cooperation VZW Los Gorrones.

Along with women from grassroots organizations and undergraduates, we promoted educational methodologies for the growth of **citizen surveillance** actions as a right and strategy of incidence. Also, we constituted surveillance committees and developed surveillance experiences for health services and police stations.



# » Evidence about the prevalence of abortion in Peru. «

**W**e carried out an investigation using a multi-stage probability sampling stratified by Socioeconomic Status (SES) where a national-level survey was conducted among 2400 women.

This is the first study carried out in the country that addresses this issue and it has contributed to broaden the knowledge about the prevalence of abortion in Peru among women between 18 and 49 years of age that live in urban environments.

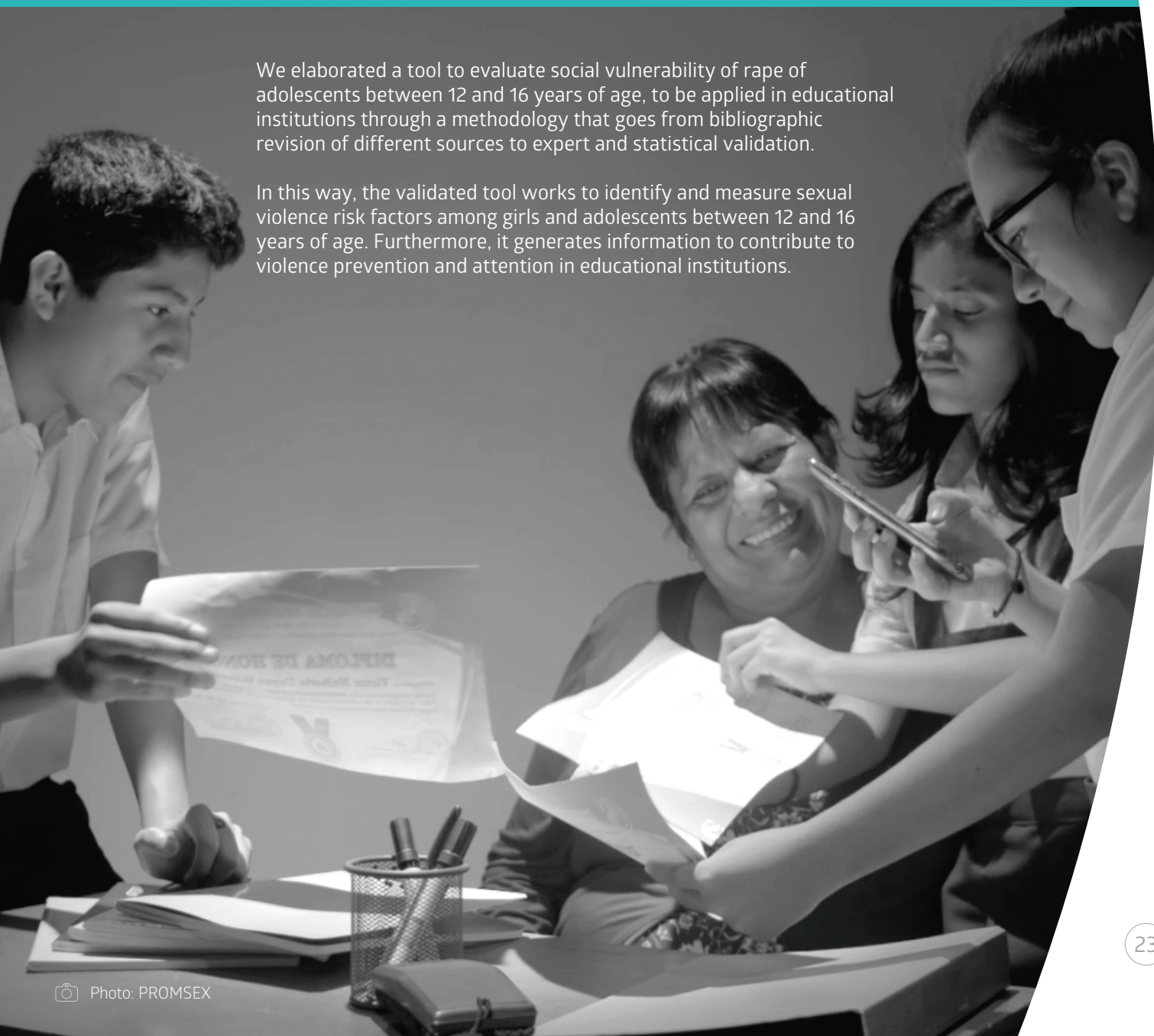
At the present time, there is relevant information that allows incidence and supports the development of public policies and regulatory framework to enhance the access to safe, legal abortion in Peru.

Among the most revealing results was that 19% of women between 18 and 49 years of age (999 559 women approximately) have had an abortion once in their lifetimes. At the end of their reproductive years, around 23% of women have had an abortion at least once in their lifetimes. And, about 50% of this group were older than 25 years of age when they had the abortion, which proves that this is not an exclusive practice among young women. While most of them reported visiting health staff, there is a considerable percentage that didn't.

# » We implemented risk screening in case of sexual violence in educational institutions. »

We elaborated a tool to evaluate social vulnerability of rape of adolescents between 12 and 16 years of age, to be applied in educational institutions through a methodology that goes from bibliographic revision of different sources to expert and statistical validation.

In this way, the validated tool works to identify and measure sexual violence risk factors among girls and adolescents between 12 and 16 years of age. Furthermore, it generates information to contribute to violence prevention and attention in educational institutions.





## Financial transparency

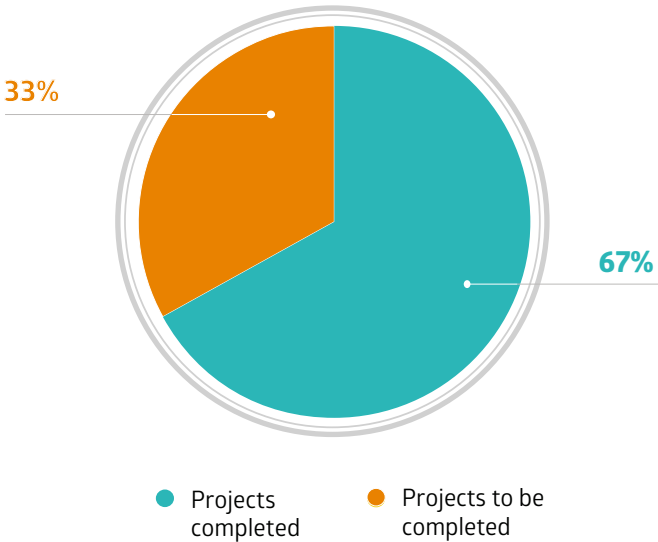
Promsex enforces a policy of transparency and accountability, as well as administrative and management procedures that allow a better development of their actions. We develop several statements, on a regular basis, for governmental institutions such as the Peruvian Agency for International Cooperation (APCI), the Peruvian National Superintendency of Tax Administration (SUNAT), the National Superintendency of Public Registries (SUNARP), the Ministry of Labor, and the Superintendency of Banking, Insurance and Private Pension Funds Administrators (SBS).

Income	Amount in Peruvian Nuevos Soles	%
Projects	5 176 911	100%
TOTAL	5 176 911	100%

### Projects

In 2019 we had 41 projects of which 25 have been completed in a satisfactory manner and 16 are yet to be completed in the following years.

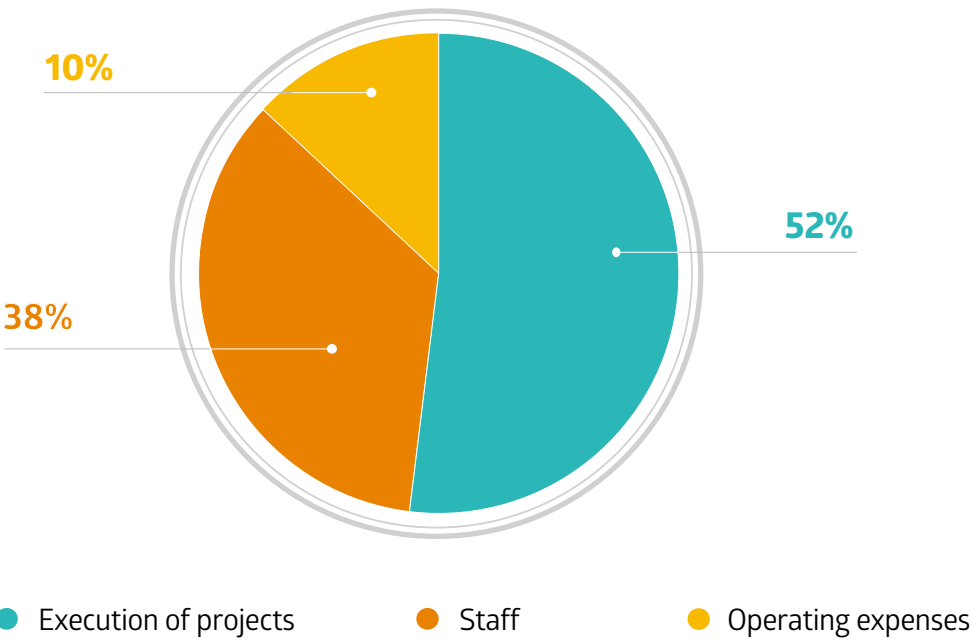
#### 41 managed projects



Execution of resources  
at PROMSEX:

PROMSEX invests extensively in the execution of projects, their strategies, and activities. As well as in the proper compensation of the staff, and in the provision of optimal working conditions that allow for a good work environment and results.

Execution	Amount in Peruvian Nuevos Soles	%
Execution of Projects	2 680 837	52%
Staff	1 967 927	38%
Operating Expenses	528 147	10%
TOTAL	5 176 911	100%



## Our regional alliances

### Piura

- Centro Ideas Piura

### San Martín

- Asociación Diversidad San Martinense (DISAM)

### Lima

- Feminas
- Association of Families for Sexual Diversity - Perú.
- Consortium for Economic and Social Research (CIES)

### Loreto

- Homosexual Community Esperanza for the Region of Loreto (CHERL).

### Madre de Dios

- Regional Permanent Multi-Sector Commission against Human Trafficking of Madre de Dios.
- Human Trafficking District Commission (Inambari)
- Regional Instance of Violence against Women (Tambopata)
- Network for the Prevention of Violence of Tambopata
- Regional Instance of Violence against Women (Inambari)
- Network for the Prevention of Violence of Santa Rosa
- Coordination Table for the Fight against Poverty of Madre de Dios
- Regional Oversight of Human Trafficking (Tambopata).

### Arequipa

- Forum on Sexual and Reproductive Rights in Arequipa

## In terms of organization, we have developed the following processes through a participative approach:

- Strategic Plan 2020 - 2024, which can be found on the institutional website in spanish and english.
- Internal Health and Security Regulations at workplace.
- Institutional Plan of Communications.
- Publication of the Institutional Code of Conduct against Discrimination and Gender-based Violence.
- Policy on prevention and sanction for sexual harassment.



## Our international alliances and networks

- Latin American Consortium against Unsafe Abortion (CLACAI).
- Latin American Consortium on Emergency Contraception (CLAE).
- International Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Trans and Intersex Association (ILGA).
- Coalition of LGBTI Organizations working in the OAS.
- International Campaign for Women's Right to Safe Abortion.
- Ibero-American Network of LGBTI Education (RIE - LGBTI).
- Platform for the Right to Education without Discrimination Based on Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity or Gender Expression (Plurales).
- UN Network of Social Responsibility - UN GLOBAL COMPAT.
- Regional Network for TLGB Strategic Litigation, developed in 2019.
- London International Development Centre (LIDC)

## We participated in many national platforms for discussion

- Roundtable for the Surveillance of Sexual and Reproductive Rights
- National Network of Education for Girls "FLORECER"
- Themed Tables of the Ministry of Women Affairs (Mesa GBT)
- National Coordination Table for the Fight against Poverty
- Ministry of Justice and Human Rights Roundtable for the follow-up process of the Plan of Human Rights (women, LGTBI, children, adolescents, human rights defenders).
- Ministry of Justice and Human Rights Roundtable for the Prevention of Torture.
- Multisectoral Follow-up Committee of the Montevideo Consensus
- National Education Project
- Task list EU-CSO
- Spanish Agency for International Development Cooperation (AECID)
- Health Forum
- Mira que te miro
- Women and Climate Change Workgroup from the Ministry of Environment

## Accreditations

- APCI (Peruvian Agency for International Cooperation)
- ECOSOC (United Nations Economic and Social Council)
- OAS (Registry of Civil Society Organizations)
- ANC (National Association of Centers)
- NGO Source (U.S. Equivalency Determination)
- IATI (International Aid Transparency Initiative)

**Recognitions: ★ ★ ★**

- Honorable mention in the category Prevention and Promotion of Private Institutions in the National Competition of Good Practices, which was held by the Ministry of Women and Vulnerable Populations. The purpose of this edition, "Uniendo saberes por una vida libre de violencia" is to fight violence against women and family group members. Promsex was recognized for the project "La lucha por la justicia de LC y por el derecho al acceso al aborto legal de niñas víctimas de violencia".

**We appreciate the trust and the joint work of:**

- Arcus Foundation
- Asia Safe Abortion Partnership (ASAP)
- Seville City Council
- Center for Reproductive Rights
- Community of Madrid
- Latin American Consortium against Unsafe Abortion (CLACAI)
- Embassy of Canada to Peru
- FOS
- Fundación Triángulo
- Georgetown University
- International Campaign for Women's Right to Safe Abortion
- International Planned Parenthood Federation - IPPF/RHO
- International Women's Health Coalition - IWHC
- Marie Stopes Mexico
- New Venture Fund
- Open Society Foundation
- UN Women
- Planned Parenthood Global
- Safe Abortion Action Fund - SAAF
- The David & Lucile Packard Foundation
- The Emerging Markets Foundation – Empower
- European Union
- United Nation Population Fund - UNFPA
- VZW Los Gorriones
- Wellspring Philanthropic Fund
- Private donors

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